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<u>AMENDMENT</u>

In the Claims:

Cancel claims 38, 43, 46, 51, 54, 59, 66, and 73 without prejudice.

- 37. (Amended) A transgenic plant comprising a recombinant polynucleotide encoding [a transcription factor having a conserved domain of a plant AP2 transcription factor, wherein said transcription factor has at least 42% sequence identity with] SEQ ID NO: 18, and said transgenic plant has enhanced [plant] tolerance to fungal disease [tolerance] due to expression of [said plant AP2 transcription factor] SEQ ID NO: 18.
- 39. (Reiterated) The transgenic plant of claim 37, wherein the recombinant polynucleotide comprises SEQ ID NO: 17.
- 40. (Reiterated) The transgenic plant of claim 37, wherein the recombinant polynucleotide further comprises one or more regulatory sequences.
- 41. (Reiterated) The transgenic plant of claim 40, wherein said one or more regulatory sequences are selected from the group consisting of a promoter, a transcription initiation start site, an RNA processing signal, a transcription termination site, and a polyadenylation signal.
- 42. (Reiterated) The transferrie plant of claim 41, wherein said promoter is constitutive, inducible, or tissue-specific.
- 44. (Amended) The transgenic plant of claim [43] 37, wherein said fungal disease is caused by Fusarium, Erysiphe, Sclerotinia or Botrytis.
- 45. (Amended) A method for enhancing the disease tolerance or resistance of a plant comprising transforming a plant with a recombinant polynucleotide encoding [a transcription factor having a conserved domain of a plant AP2 transcription factor wherein said transcription factor has at least 42% sequence identity with] SEQ ID NO: 18, and said transgenic plant has enhanced [plant]

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tolerance to fungal disease [tolerance] due to expression of [said plant AP2 transcription factor] SEQ ID NO: 18.

- 47. (Reiterated) The method of claim 45, wherein the recombinant polynucleotide comprises SEQ ID NO: 17.
- 48. (Reiterated) The method of claim 45, wherein the recombinant polynucleotide further comprises one or more regulatory sequences.
- 49. (Reiterated) The method of claim 48, wherein said one or more regulatory sequences are selected from the group consisting of a promoter, a transcription initiation start site, an RNA processing signal, a transcription termination site, and a polyadenylation signal.
- 50. (Reiterated) The method of claim 49, wherein said promoter is constitutive, inducible, or tissue-specific.
- 52. (Amended) The transgenic plant of claim [51] 45, wherein said fungal disease is caused by Fusarium, Erysiphe, Sclerotinta or Botryps.
- 53. (Amended) A method for altering the expression levels of at least one gene in a plant comprising transforming the plant with a recombinant polynucleotide encoding [a transcription factor having a conserved domain of a plant AP2 transcription factor wherein said transcription factor has at least 42% sequence identity with] SEQ ID NO: 18, and said transgenic plant has enhanced [plant] tolerance to fungal disease [tolerance] due to expression of [said plant AP2 transcription factor] SEO ID NO: 18.
- 55. (Reiterated) The method of claim 53, wherein the recombinant polynucleotide comprises SEQ ID NO: 17.
- 56. (Reiterated) The method of claim 53, wherein the recombinant polynucleotide further comprises one or more regulatory sequences.

- 57. (Reiterated) The method of claim 56, wherein said one or more regulatory sequences are selected from the group consisting of a promoter, a transcription initiation start site, an RNA processing signal, a transcription termination site, and a polyadenylation signal.
- 58. (Reiterated) The method of claim 57, wherein said promoter is constitutive, inducible, or tissue-specific.
- 60. (Amended) The transgenic plant of claim [59] <u>53</u>, wherein said fungal disease is caused by Fusarium, Erysiphe, Sclerotinia or Botrytis.
- 61. (Amended) A transgenic plant comprising a recombinant polynucleotide comprising a nucleotide sequence encoding a transcription factor having a conserved domain of a plant AP2 transcription factor, wherein:

said nucleotide sequence encoding said transcription factor hybridizes under high stringency conditions to a polynucleotide sequence encoding an amino acid sequence of residues 145-213 of SEQ ID NO: 18, wherein:

said high stringency conditions comprise 0.2 x SSC and 0.1% SDS at 65° C, and wherein: said transgenic plant is characterized by enhanced [plant] tolerance to fungal disease [tolerance] due to expression of said [plant AP2] transcription factor.

- 62. (Reiterated) The transgenic plant of claim 61, wherein the polynucleotide sequence comprises SEQ ID NO: 17.
- 63. (Reiterated) The transgenic plant of claim 61, wherein the recombinant polynucleotide further comprises one or more regulatory sequences.
- 64. (Reiterated) The transgenic plant of claim 63, wherein said one or more regulatory sequences are selected from the group consisting of a promoter, a transcription initiation start site, an RNA processing signal, a transcription termination site, and a polyadenylation signal.
- 65. (Reiterated) The transgenic plant of claim 64, wherein said promoter is constitutive, inducible, or tissue-specific.

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- 67. (Amended) The transgenic plant of claim [66] <u>61</u>, wherein said fungal disease is caused by Fusarium, Erysiphe, Sclerotinia or Botrytis.
- 68. (Amended) A method for enhancing the disease tolerance or resistance in a plant comprising transforming said plant with a recombinant polynucleotide comprising a nucleotide sequence encoding a transcription factor having a conserved domain of a plant AP2 transcription factor, wherein:

said nucleotide sequence encoding said transcription factor hybridizes under high stringency conditions to a polynucleotide sequence encoding a conserved domain comprising an amino acid sequence of residues 145-213 of SEQ ID NO: 18, wherein:

said high stringency conditions comprise 0.2 x SSC and 0.1% SDS at 65° C, and wherein: said transgenic plant is characterized by enhanced [plant] tolerance to fungal disease [tolerance] due to expression of said [plant AP2] transcription factor.

- 69. (Reiterated) The method of claim 68, wherein the polynucleotide sequence comprises SEQ ID NO: 17.
- 70. (Reiterated) The method of claim 68, wherein the recombinant polynucleotide further comprises one or more regulatory sequences.
- 71. (Reiterated) The method of claim 70, wherein said one or more regulatory sequences are selected from the group consisting of a promoter, a transcription initiation start site, an RNA processing signal, a transcription termination site, and a polyadenylation signal.
- 72. (Reiterated) The method of claim 71, wherein said promoter is constitutive, inducible, or tissue-specific.
- 74. (Amended) The transgenic plant of claim [73] 68, wherein said fungal disease is caused by Fusarium, Erysiphe, Sclerotinia or Botrytis.
- 75. (Amended) A transgenic plant comprising a recombinant polynucleotide encoding [a transcription factor of SEQ ID NO: 18, or the same sequence with one or more conservative

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substitutions, deletions, or insertions, wherein said transgenic plant has enhanced tolerance to fungal disease due to expression of said [plant AP2 transcription factor] <u>SEQ ID NO: 18</u>.

76. (Reiterated) The transgenic plant of claim 75, wherein said fungal disease is caused by Fusarium, Erysiphe, Sclerotinia or Botrytis.